ANNO TRICESIMO QUINTO ET TRICESIMO SEXTO

VICTORIAE REGINAE.

A.D. 1872.

No. 14.

An Act to repeal "The Parliamentary Privilege Act," and to make other provisions in lieu thereof.

[Reserved, 16th July, 1872.]

BE it Enacted by the Governor of the Province of South Australia, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly of the said Province, in this present Parliament assembled, as follows:

1. The Legislative Council and House of Assembly of South Australia respectively, and the committees and members thereof respectively, shall hold, enjoy, and exercise such and the like privileges, immunities, and powers as, and the privileges, immunities, and powers of the said Council and Assembly respectively, and of the committees and members thereof respectively, are hereby defined to be the same as at the time of the passing of "The Constitution Act," were held, enjoyed, and exercised by the Commons House of Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland, and by the committees and members thereof, whether such privileges, immunities, or powers were so held, possessed, or enjoyed by custom, statute, or otherwise: Provided that no such privileges, immunities, or powers shall exceed those held and exercised by the Commons House of Parliament, or the members thereof, at the time of the passing of "The Constitution Act."

2. Any copy of the journals of the House of Commons printed, or purporting to be printed, by the order or Printer of the House of Commons, shall be received as prima facie evidence, without proof of its being such copy, upon any inquiry touching the privileges,
leges, immunities, and powers of the said Council or Assembly, or of any committee or member thereof, respectively.

3. Act No. 9 of 1858, "The Parliamentary Privilege Act" is hereby repealed.

I reserve this Bill for the signification of Her Majesty's pleasure thereon.

JAMES FERGUSSON, Governor.