Romanov Capers

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Colin Falconer

ANASTASIA: A NOVEL

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What’s a nice Girl called Anastasia doing in the Whangpoo River? Maybe she’s the daughter of the last tsar who everyone thought was dead, or maybe it’s just a girl who looks like a Russian princess and happens to have the same name. If the proposition sounds familiar, be assured by Colin Falconer that Anastasia Romanovs were thick on the streets of Shanghai after the White Russian diaspora of 1917–18.

Of course, this beautiful blonde waif, who remembers little more than her name (though wouldn’t she have said Romanova, as in Anna Karenina?), can’t really be the Anastasia. Recent DNA tests have put paid to that. But the point is that, back in 1921, she might have been. This youngest daughter could conceivably not have died at Ekaterinburg along with her parents, three sisters, the haemophiliac heir to the throne of all the Russians, and four of the family’s retinue. The rumours of Anastasia’s continuing existence were in fact many, fed by glittering dreams of countless roubles. The fabled millions stashed away before the family was murdered would flow into the hands of any predator. Two unsavoury characters come forward to cash in on the girl’s presumed status, their strongman assurances and the enjoyments of the high life almost persuading her of what in her heart she still doubts. The unfortunately named Count Andrei Sergeievitch Banischevski (unfortunate because Falconer has not extended his historical and geographical research to Russian transliteration: Sergei-o-vitch botches Sergeevich, impossibly) takes her to Berlin to stake her claim. When things go wrong with Banischevski, Michael, working coincidentally in the same city, saves Anastasia all over again and takes her back to London, where they set up together. Yet their relationship remains contorted, and Anastasia is swept off by a new believer in her royal heritage, this time to New York. It would be inexcusable to give away the ensuing vicissitudes.

Readers who are so pedantic as to be irritated by details beyond plot, such as sloppy writing or a lack of subtlety in the characterisation, may find the racy twists and turns an inadequate compensation. You may shy at an arc being circumscribed rather than described, the passive use of ‘disappeared’ (in 1923), the notion of a ‘face of such ethereal beauty it could have been carved from marble’, ‘attentions’ when only the singular is meant, a London apartment that starts with two bedrooms but ends up with only one, and the ‘diseased [jaundiced?] eye’ that Michael casts on the New York milieu. Clichés such as the hero’s crooked grin and Anastasia’s ever-startling blue eyes go into the second category, alongside Michael’s rakish attraction and noble disdain for anything tainted by money (including his father). A third irritation is the way clues and coincidences beggar probability: the false Anastasia is given a deformed big toe and a white scar, just like the real princess; Michael’s small smattering of Russian, picked up in Shanghai [sic], is nevertheless good enough for him to eavesdrop a rapid conversation. Yet none of this jars as frequently as a stylistic idiosyncrasy endemic to Falconer’s prose: the joining of main clauses by a comma. He seems to have declared war on the word ‘and’. Do such details matter? They did to me. This novel’s dramatic action and arresting locales may while away a plane trip, but the life-after-death of the real Anastasia was better served by the 1956 film that starred Ingrid Bergman.